Mr. Foster, of course, does not, so far

the brunette queen.
"Mr. Frye will doubtless be heard from

talking the matter over with the Hawanans

it comes anew before Congress."

SILVER WAR IN KENTUCKY

National Democratic Party of That

State Will Maintain Organization.

Democratic State central committee of Kentucky, this afternoon held its first meeting since the November election. Gen. Simon Bollvar Buckner was present and gave the committee the benefit of his advice.

It was decided to maintain the party organization in Kentucky and to this end

organization in Kentucky and to this end

an address was issued, stating that the

recent election taught the lesson that the

people of the United States would not countenance an assault upon the inde-pendence of their judiciary nor an attack upon the Democratic executive for sus-

taining the national credit and for main-

taining law and order in the face of riot.

It is stated that the National Democratic organization was formed to prevent

this and it accomplished its purpose, but will continue to induce Democrats who were "led astray on a misapplied term of

regularity to no longer follow the heresics

The Indianapolis platform is declared to be the only true doctrine of Democracy. The address closes with a call upon the Democrats of Kentucky not to take part

in any primary held under the auspices of

the Silver Democrats, and thereby al-low themselves to be placed in a position where it can be claimed that they are bound to advocate "Populism and repu-diation candidates on the ground of having

Rev. James Hull Admits Having

Given Her Poison,
St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 19.—The trial of
Rev. James C. Hull for poisoning his wife
came to a dramatic end this afternoon,
Mr. Hull changing his plea to guilty. A
few minutes before noon Prosecuting Attorney Butler placed in evidence a letter

which Hull wrote last February to a pastor in California, saying his wife was slowly dying of a cancer and that she could not

This letter contradicted Hull's previous

testimony, especially as it had been shown that Mrs. Hull did not have a cancer and that Hull was aware of the fact, having

been told so by Dr. Hawkins, his family

At the opening of the afternoon session S. L. Pierce, Hull's attorney, advised Hull that the California letter in effect con-

victed and advised him to plend guilty. This the latter did and Judge Egan sentenced

him to six years in State prison in Still

Hull had insured his wife's life for \$2.

000 and spent several weeks trying to polson her with arsenic. Up to last winter Hull was paster of the Clinton Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church.

W. C. T. U. Convention Ended, St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 19.—The executive committee of the National W. C. T. U. held two long assions today, completing the business of the national convention.

The principal business transacted was th

passing upon appeals from several di-vision superintendents who desire assist-ance and extensions in their respective fields of labor. The general officers, to

whom was given the task of selecting the city for the convention in 1897, have not

yet come to a choice, but are expected to

Flooring, \$1.50 for 100 Feet.

Kiln-dried heart, one width, one length. F. Libbey & Co., 6th st. and N. Y. ave.

live the year out.

that led them to defeat."

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 19.-The National

again

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1896-EIGHT PAGES.

MEN OF THE 55TH HOUSE

South Dakota's Returns Complete the Official List.

FOR SOUND MONEY 202

It Will Be Composed of 205 Republicans, 137 Democrats and Fifteen Populists-On a Silver Vote Party Lines Will Be Slightly

The receipt of the returns of the late election in South Dakota makes it possible to complete the list of members of the House of Representatives of the Fifty-fifth Congress.

This shows a total of 205 Republicans, 137 Democrats, and 15 Populists. Of the Republicans, five are said to favor the free comage of silver-Messrs, Hilborn of California, Broderick and Curtis of Kansas Linney of North Carolina, and Beach of Oldo-and of the Democrats, two-Messrs McAleer of Pennsylvania, and Elliott of South Carolina-are sound money men-so that upon the silver question the House will stand—sound money, 202; free silver, 155; majority for sound money, 47. In the present Congressthe totals are: Republicans, 252; Democrats, 92; Populists, including fusionists and silverites, 10; vacancies, 3. LIST BY STATES.

The States of Connecticut, Iowa, Maine and New Jersey returned their present solid delegations of Republicans to the Fitty-fifth Congress. The list of Repre-sentative-elect follows: Alabama—Democrats: 1, G. W. Taylor;

2, Jesse F. Stallings; 3, Henry D. Clayton; 4, T. S. Plowman; 5, Willis Brewer; 6, John Bankhead; 8, Joseph Wheeler; 9, Oscar W. Underwood, Populists; 7, M. W. Baward

Arkansas-Democrats: 1, P. D. McCullough, jr.; 2, John S. Little; 3, Thomas C. McRae; 4, William L. Terry, 5, Hugh A. C. McKae; 4, William L. Terry, 5, Hugh A. Dinsmore; 6, S. Brundage. California—Republicans: 1, John A. Bar-hau; 3, Sanuel G. Hilborn; 5, Eugene F. Loud; Democrats: 2, Marion DeVries: 5, James G. Maguire; Populists, 6, C. A. Par-lew; 7, De. C. H. Castle.

low; 7. Dr. G. H. Castle.

low; 7, Dr. G. H. Castle.
Colorado—Populists: 1, John F. Shafroth;
2, John C. Bell.
Connecticut—Republicans: 1, E. Stevens
Henry; 2, N. D. Sperry, 3, Charles A.
Russell; 4, E. J. Hill.
Delaware—Democrat: L. Irving Handy.
Florida—Democrat: 1, Stephen M. Sparkman; 2, R. W. Davis.
Georgia—Democrat: 1, Rufus E. Lester;
2, James M. Griggs; 3, E. B. Lewis, 4,
W. C. Adamson; 5, Leonidas F. Livingston;
6, Charles L. Bartlett; 7, John W. Maddox;
8, W. M. Howard; 9, F. C. Tate, 10, W. H.
Fleming; 11, W. G. Brantley.
1DAHO—Democrat: James Gunn.
1LLINOIS—Republicans: 1, James H.

1DAHO-Democrat: James Gunn.
1LLINOIS-Republicans: 1, James H.
Mann; 2, William Lortmer; 3, Hugh P.
Belknap; 4, D. W. Mills; 5, George E.
White; 6, Edward D. Cooke; 7, George E.
Foss; 8, Albert J. Hopkins; 9, Robert R.
Hitt; 10, George W. Prince; 11, Walter
Reeves; 12, Joseph G. Cannon; 13, Vespasian Warner; 14, Joseph V. Graff; 15,
B. F. Marsh; 17, J. A. Connolly; 22, George
W. Smith. Democrats: 16, W. H. Hinrichsen; 18, Thomas M. Jett; 19, Andrew
J. Hunter; 2, James R. Campbell. Populist: Jehu Baker.
INDIANA-Republicans: 1, James M.
Hemenway; 5, George W. Faris; 6, Henry

Hemenway, 5, George W. Faris, 6, Henry U. Jehnson, 7, Jesse Overstreet, 8, Charles I. Henry, 9, Charles B. Landis, 10, E. D. Crumpacker, 11, George W. Steele, 13, L. W. Royse, Democrats, 2, Robert Miers, 3, W. T. Zenor, 4, W. S. Holman, 12, James M. B. Jirkson

IOWA-Republicans: 1, Samuel M. Clark; 2. George M. Curtis, 3, D. B. Henderson 4. Thomas Updegraff; 5, Robert G. Consins 6. John F. Lacey; 7. J. A. T. Hull; 8, Wil-ham P. Hepburn; 9, A. L. Hager; 10, J. P.

Oolliver; 11, George D. Perkins. KANSAS—Republicans: 1, Case Brod-KANSAS-Republicans: 1, Case Proderick: 4, Charles Curtis Democrats: At large, J. D. Batkin; 2, N. S. Peters, Populists: 3, E. D. Ridgelg; 5, W. P. Vincent; 6, N. B. McCormick; 7, Jerry Simpson, KENTUCKY-Republicans; 5, Walter Evans; 8, George M. Davison; 9, Samuel J. Pugh; 11, David G. Colson, Democrats: 1, Charles K. Wheeler; 2, John D. Clardy; 3, John S. Rhea; 4, David H. Smith; 6, Albert S. Berry; 7, Evan E. Settle; 10, T. Y. Fitzpatrick.

LOUISIANA-Democrats: 1. Adelp LOUISIANA—Democrats: 1, Adelph Meyer; 2, Robert C. Davey; 3, Robert Broussard; 4, H. W. Ogden; 6, Samuel M. Robertsen. Populist: 5, Alex. Benoit. MAINE—Republicans: 1, Thomas B. Reed; 2, Nelson Dingley, jr.; 3, Seth L. Milliken; 4, Charles A. Boutelle. MARYLAND—Republicans: 1, Dr. Isaac A. Barber; 2, William B. Baker; 3, Dr.

William S. Booze, 4, William W. McIntire 5, Sidney E. Mudd; 6, John McDonald. MASSACHUSETTS - Republicans: 1, A shely B. Wright; 2, Fred. H. Gillet; 3, Joseph H. Walker; 4, George W. Weymouth; 5, William S. Knox; 6, William H. Moody; 7. William E. Barrett; 8, Samuel W. McCall 10, 8, J. Barrows; 11, Charles F. Spragu 12, W. C. Lovering, 13, John Simpkins, Democrat: 9, John F. Fitzgerald, MICHIGAN-Republicans: 1, John B.

Corliss, 2, George Spanleling, 4, 26m B Corliss, 2, George Spanleling, 4, E. L Hamilton, 5, William Alden Smith, 6 Samuel W. Smith, 7, Horace G. Snover, 9 Roswell P. Bishop, 10, R. O. Crump, 11 William S. Mesick, 12, Carlos D. Sheldon

Brucker.

MINNESOTA-Republicans: 1, James A.

Tawney; 2, James T. McCleary; 3, Joel P.

Heatwole; 4, F. C. Stevens; 5, Loren
Fletcher; 6, Page Morris; 7, Frank A.

MISSISSIPPI - Democrats: 1, John M Allen; 2, W. V. Sullivan; 3, Thomas C. Catchings; 4, A. F. Fox; 5, John S. Will lams; 6, C. W. F. Love; 7, Patrick Henry. MISSOURI - Republicans: 10, Richard Batholdt; 11, Charies F. Joy; 12, Charles E. Pearce, Democrats: 1, Richard P. Giles, (since dead); 2, Robert N. Bodine; 3, Alex. M. Dockery; 4, Charles F. Cocoran; 5, Will fam S. Cowherd; 6, David A. DeArmond James A. Cooney; S. R. P. Bland; 9
 Champ Clark; 13, Edward Robb; 14, W D. Vandiver; 15, M. E. Benton.

MONTANA - Populist: Charles S. Hart

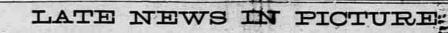
man. NEBRASKA-Republicans: 1, Jesse B. NEBRASKA-Republicans: 1. Jesse B. Strode; 2. David H. Mercer. Democrats: 3. Samuel Maxwell; 4. William L. Stark; 5. R. D. Sutherland; 6, William L. Green. NEVADA-Popullst: F. G. Newlands. NEW HAMPSHIRE-Republicans: 1, Cyrus A. Sulloway; 2, Frank G. Clarke. NEW JERSEY-Republicans: 1, Henry C. Loudenslager; 2, John J. Gardner; 3, Bentanin F. Howell; 4. Makhee Plant.

Benjamin F. Howell; 4. Mahlon Pitney 5. James F. Stewart; 6, Richard W. Parker; , Thomas McEwan; jr.; 8, Charles N.

wiler. NEW YORK-Republicans: 1, Joseph M. Belford; 2, D. M. Hurley; 3, Franci H. Wilson; 4, Israel F. Fischer; 5, Charle H. Wilson; 4, Israel F. Fischer, 5, Charles G. Bennett; 6, James R. Howe; 8, John Murray Mitchell; 13, Richard C. Shan-Bon; 14, L. E. Quigg; 15, Philip B. Low; 16, William L. Ward; 17, B. B. Odell, ir.; 18, John H. Ketcham; 19, A. V. S. Cochrane; 20, George N. South-wick; 21, David T. Wilbur; 22, Lucian L. Littauer; 23, W. T. Foote, ir.; 24, Charles A. Chickering; 25, James S. Sher-man; 26, George W. Bay; 27, James J. Belden; 28, Sereno E. Payne; 29, Charles W. Gillett; 30, James W. Wadsworth;

Continued on Fourth Page

12-Inch Stock Boards Also S1 per 100 feet, the finest lumber. We keep everything in Millwork, Lumber, and Bulld-ers' Hardware. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th at. and New York ave.





Small Chance of His Wearing the Senatorial Toga.

PRECEDENT IS AGAINST IT

Point at Issue Decided by the Senate in 1858-Famous Fitch and Bright Case Recalled-Senator Hoar's Stand for Kellog-Conclusion in the Spencer Contest.

Mr. Foster, of course, does not, so far as anyone knows, represent this government officially in Hawaii. As however, one of the Republican politicians to whom the substance of the foregoing dispatch was stated, said last night, it is not impossible that "Mr. Foster is taking up the thread of the relations between this government and the island where it was suddenly snapped off when Mr. Harrison's Cabinet and policy became obsolete. During Mr. Harrison's administration the annexation feeling was strong and there is every probability that it will become so after the 4th of March.

"It will be recalled that some of the most interesting days of the Senate were occupied with the discussion of the Hawaiian question, when Mr. Cleveland, after repeated requests laid before that body the correspondence during the revolution in which Queen Lil lost everything but her bead. The Democratic policy was scored by Senator Frye, who more than hinted at the leaning of the administration toward the royalist party in Honolulu, and the quasi use of United States marines to boister up the rotten dynasty of "Mr. Dominis," as Mr. Frye sarcastically called the brunette queen.

"Mr. Frye will doubtless be heard from Some Republicans are figuring on the possibility of yet seating Col. Du Pont, of Delaware, in the Senate.

They reach this conclusion by the claim practically committed to annexation with-out compromises.

"Mr. Foster, according to the dispatch, is that is made that a number of important points were overlooked by the Senate Committee during the struggle for the from a standpoint when will make the readiest appeal, the commercial point of view. He has apparently offer due large German commercial element the alternative of annexation with United States markets, or an independent Passagan mayorupout, and compercial relationships. seat at the session last spring. So important does Col. Du Pont regard these points that it is said he is preparing his papers and they will be presented at the coming session of Congress.

waiian government, and commercial rela-If Col. Du Pont were seated the Repub tions to take care of themselves the best way they can.
"I believe that Mr. Foster has gone to Honolulu with the object suggested by the dispatch, and that his observations will play no inconsiderable part in the discussion of the annexation question when it course appay hefore Congress." licans would have one more vote and perhaps by this very vote would be able to pass a tariff bill. It is generally con-ceded that Col. Du Pont was not deteated on the merits of his case but simply because he was not a free silver man.

WOULD LIKE TO DO IT.

There is no doubt that the Republicans would be glad to seat Col Du Pont if they could. But can they? During the short session of Congress the same men would vote against him as before, should his case come up. His friends hold that the contest might "go over until the next Congress. When the charges would be Congress, when the chances would be more in his favor, but the Republican will not have a clear majority in that

body.

In the present Senate no motion for a reconsideration was made after the final vote on Col. Du Pont's case had been taken, so it must come up under new matter. It might come in the shape of a memorial, but if objections were made it could only be sent to the Committee on Judiciary by a majority vote. This would be hard for the Republicans to secure. Even if it was sent to the committee and was favorably reported it would still have to run the gauntlet of the Senate again. Senator Stewart could knock the testant out this time just as well as he did before. It is said the Senate has not been chastened by the late election but is still as "stiff necked and rebellious"

If the precedents of the Senate are to It the precedents of the senate are to be followed the case has no grounds on which to rest. Similar questions have been decided on several occasions. It is held that after a decision of the Senat in favor of the title of persons claiming seats, an election of others by the State legislature is void, the decision of the Sen-ate being "conclusive upon the legislature and all persons acting under their author-ity as well as on the Senators named in

diation candidates on the ground of having taken part in the primaries, or on the the resolution." ground of machine regularity." THE FIRST DECISION. MINISTER KILLED HIS WIFE

This decision was rendered by the Senate January 14, 1859, in the contest of Henry S. Lane and William M. McCarty, of Indiana, for the seats in the Senate occupied by Graham N. Fitch and Jesse D. Bright. The legislature of that State. a portion of it, protested against the seat-ing of Messrs. Fitch and Bright, but on June 12, 1858, the Senate decided that the two gentlemen were entitled to their

Immediately after this a memorial of the State of Indiana was presented representing thatit was the wish of the State that Messra. Lane and McCarty be admitted to seats in the Senate as the legally chosen Senators, February 3, 1859, the Committee on Judiciary, diciary reported that there were no vacancie nate and that the decision rendere in the Senate and that the decision rendered June, 12, 1888, was made by an authority having exclusive jurisdiction of the sub-ject, was judicial in its nature and that the judgment of the Senate then rendered was final and precluded further inquiry into the subject to which it related.

The committee was composed of Messrs. Bayard, chairman; Pugh, Benjamin, Green, Clingman, Collamer and Trumbull. This report was adopted by the Semate January 14,1859. Since then the precedent has The right of one Congress to take action on a decision of a previous Congressins also been taken up but no vote was reached. The case is of interest, though, from the stand taken by Senator Hoar at that time

The Senator is now chairman of the Com-mittee on Judiciary, to whom the memorial mittee on Judiciary, to whom the memorial would be presented if taken up in the next Congress. Senator Hoar placed himself on record in the contest of Henry M. Spof-ford of Louisiana for the seat occupied by William Pitt Kellogg. THE KELLOG DECISION. The Senate decided in 1877 that Mr. Kellog was entitled to the seat. In 1879 the contest of Mr. Spofford was commenced. Mr. Hoar offered an amendment May 2, 1879, to certain resolutions relating to the

The resolution, after prese

fact that Mr. Kellog's right to the seat had

been passed on in 1877, concluded with:
"Resolved, That said resolutions are final and conclusive upon the right of the said Kellog and the claim of said Spofford

said Kellog and the claim of said Spofford to said seat for said term."

Finally, in the case of Francis W. Sykes versus George E. Spencer; of Alahama, the Committee on Flections, consisting of Sen-ators Morton, Logan, Mitchell, Wadleigh, Cameron of Wisconsin, McMillan, Saulsbary, Merriman and Cooper; reached a conclus on that "the question having been definitely satisfactive was assistent by the consistent that it was considered by the committee that it was not competent for the committee or the Senate to reopen it, and that it must be treated as res adjudicata.

With these procedents Col. Du Pent will have a hard time of it.

Plank Will Not Be Put Into Preamble, However.

Committee Instructed to Take Action to Secure Defeat of the Baltimore Banking Scheme.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 19 .- The delegates to the General Assembly of the Knights of Labor settled one important question this morning. It was that of dual memberstop and was discussed all the morning. While it does not affect all trades, it affects that of the brewery workingmen, the members of which generally belong to both the Knights of Labor and the

rican Federation of Labor A year ago the American Federation decided that their members could not belong to other labor organizations, and today the Knights followed suit, so far as the brewers are concerned, and de cided that they must withdraw from either

one or the other.

The Knights voted this afternoon not be put the free coinage of silver plank into their preamble, but adopted the plank as a principle. The idea of putting the plank into the preamble originated with plank into the preamble originate General Master Workman J. P. Sove but the knights thought that by its put into the preamble it would bar from the organization all who were not free silverites. The discussion occupied a

greater part of two days.

A strong declaration against the Paltimore banking scheme was presented to the General Assembly. The knights condemned the bill and the assembly conmittee was instructed to take action toward ts defeat.

The committee on law reported on propo sitions from various districts to reduce the executive board to three members. The proposition was lost, several of the delegates baving gone and it was not possi ble to get the necessary two-thirds vote

The section of the constitution that pre-The section of the constitution that pre-vented the formation of a compulsory bene-ficial society, within the Knights, was struck out, leaving no rule against such formation. The question of the settle-ment of a general and local assemblies was arranged by the insertion of the following words:

"Provincial national trade associations."

"Provincial national trade associations "Provincial national trade associations are sovereign in their own jurisdiction in trade matters and no appeal can be taken from their decisions in such disputes. Joint district boards shall be formed in all localities where contiguous districts exist." The Coid Blast Feather Company of Chicago was placed on the enfairlist and the Knights warned to give their goods a wide berth. The trouble claimed is that the company has been using the label of the organization and has in its employ two men who were formerly members of the Knights but who are now members of the Knights but who are now members of other labor organwho are now members of other labor organizations. The company is a large manufacturer of ticks and mattresses.

WAR AGAINST SILVER.

Perry Heath Goes West to Obtain Campaign Ammunition.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 19.—Mark Hanna and Gen. Horace Porter of New York held a long conference in Mr. Hanna's rooms this morning. Gen. Porter had come to Cleveland pursuant to a special call.

Perry Heath, chief of the Republican Literary Bureau, came to Cleveland this morning, and after a conference with Mr. Hanna left for California.

He will make an exhaustive study of gold and silver resources. He will go to Mexico and study monetary conditions. The trip is for the express purpose of obtaining more-campaign ammunition and is the first move of the permanent organiza-tion to wage war against silver.

Thirteen Laborers Injured.

Thirteen Laborers Injured.

Maccu, Ga., Nov. 18,—About 6 o'clock tonight, just after the compress had shut
down and while a gang of twenty-five
men, in charge of Supt. Amos Cordson and
his brother, Hiram Cordson, were at work
on it, the south end of the platform at
the Central Railroad compress broke down,
carrying to the ground 3,000 bales of
cotton and the men at work. Thirteen of
the number were injured, but none of them
sectionsly.

Weather Stripe, 1% Cents per foot; either feit or rubber. Frank Libbe y & Co., 6th street and New York ave.

Insurance Man C. B. Luck Tries Suicide by Laudanum.

DESPONDENCY THE CAUSE

He Hired a Room at a Hotel and Swallowed the Dose-Emergency Doctors Revived Him and He Declines to Say Why He Tried to Kill Himself.

Charles B. Luck, assistant superintendent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Com-pany, attempted suicide last night by swallowing laudanum.

The man was discovered in a room in Bryan's Hotel, No. 121 Pennsylvania av-Bryan's Hotel, No. 121 Pennsylvania avenue, shortly after 10 o'clock. He was in a semi-conscious condition and an empty phial marked laudanum which lay on the floor told the story.

A hurry call for an ambulance was sent

A nurry can for an ambunace was sent to Emergency Hospital, and Dr. J. A. Tarkington of No. 419 Second street was summoned. When the physicians arrived the main's condition was found to be so serious that he was treated at once at

He partially recovered and was finally removed to Emergency Hospital, where it was stated at a late hour last night that he would probably recover. No cause other than despondency on account of business affairs could be assigned last night by Mr. Luck's friends for his attempted suicide. Mr. Luck is married and lives at No. 612 Third strict northwest. They have no children.

DESPONDENCY THE CAUSE.

It was said by a gentleman who rooms in the same house that Mr. Luck had not been at his office for several days past. The gentleman understood be had been sus pended, and it is probable that, broad-ing over this trouble led him to attempt ing over this trouble led him to attempt suicide. It is said that Mr. Luck has beer in figancial difficulties of late and ha-been much embarrassed to meet his obliga-

When he left his home yesterday morning he carried a fine gold watch, but when he was found in the hotel the timepiece was missing. It was 9 o'clock when the young man bade his wife good-bye and left the house, saying he was going to the office He did not appear there during the day, and his friends are unable to trace his

mevements.
Shortly after 8 o'clock he walked into Bryan's Hotel and said to the man at the desk that he wished a room. He complained of being tired and told the clerk that he felt ill and wanted to go to bed as soon as possible. He was shown to a room on the top floor in the front of the thickness and at once retired.

UNCONSCIOUS WHEN FOUND. .

About 10:30 o'clock a party of gentle men, who were playing cards in the ad-doming room, heard the sound of a heavy fall in the room Mr. Luck occupied. Mr. William Olney went to the door and tried the latch. The door was not locked, and he opened it slightly and asked what was

Receiving no reply Mr. Olney entered the room and discovered Luck lying on the floor in a corner. The man had fallen partly against the wall, and then rolled over on his back. A small bottle was lying by his side. Mr. Olney picked it up, and seeing the word "laudanum" on the label, hastened at once to the office and notified Mr. Bryan, the proprietor.

An ambulance was sent for and Dr. Tarkington called in. When the physician arrived I not was rapidly sighting into the property.

arrived Luck was rapidly sinking into un consciousness. He was barely able to tell his name and address. A messenger was hurriedly sent to the house and Mrs. Luck notified. She came at once to the hotel, but her husband was unable to recognize her. HE WILL RECOVER.

Dr. Turner, of the Emergency staff, as sisted by Dr. Tarkington, succeeded in using a stomach pump and under the treat-ment the patient recovered rapidly. When

ment the patient recovered rapidly. When he had partially regained his senses he was removed to the hospital, and Mrs. Luck followed on a car.

She questioned her husband at the hospital, but he would not say why he had taken the laudanum. Later he told a physician that he was walking through Capitol Park early in the evening and suddenly felt iil. He went to a drug store on Capitol Hill and purchased ten cents worth of laudanum and swallowed the worth of laudanum and swallowed the

drug.

He said that he knew nothing more until he awoke at the hotel. Mr. Luck is a native of New Orleans and came here from that city with his wife several months ago Soon after reaching the city he secured the position with the Metropolitan Life Insur-ance Company, and has been employed stendily until within a few days.

Killed for Resisting Arrest. Gainesville, Fla., Nov. 19.-While James Jordan, an escaped colored conviot from South Carolina, was resisting arrest today he was shot and killed by Marshal Davis. Jordan threw an ax at the officer, who immediately fired and killed his man.

Mine Owner Arbuckle's Death Due

NO EVIDENCE OF MURDER

DAIL Y

Football

Hems.

to Natural Causes.

Autopsy Discloses That He Was a Victim of Chronic Heart Trouble.

New York, Nov. 19. -Coroner's Physician O'Hanlon performed an autopsy tomgat on the body or Frank P. Arbuckie, the benver mine owner and politician, who was found unconscious on Eighth avenue this morning and who died a short time afterward. He found fatty degeneration of the heart, sufficient, he said, to produce death.

There was slight gastritis in the stomach

which may have been due to alcohol or some irritant poison. To settle the matter definitely, the contents of the stomach will be analyzed. There was also found con-gestion of the brain, which magnit have been caused by alcohol.

A very slight contaston under the scalp back of the right ear and a slight bemorrhage of the right kidney were prof-ably caused by failing to the ground. They were not, the doctor said, the result of an

were not, the doctor said, the result of an assault.

theago, Ill., Nov. 19.—Frank P. Arbuckle was known to every member of the animng stock exchange, of which he was an associate since its organization. Three of his mining properties are listed on the exchange and he had several other stocks which are paying good dividends. which are paying good dividends.
It is said he would have been a million-

It is said he would have been a millionaire but for reverses in the speculative mining business. He was president of the Cripple Creek and Consolidated Gold Mining Company, of Denver.
On the total exchange Mr. Arbockle controlled the Cripple Creek and Central City Company, of which he was president; belaware Chief Mine in Gipin county, and he held a large block of Medinah mine shares. Shares.
Denver, Col., Nov. 19.-Frank P. Ar-

buckle's home was at Highlands, a suburb of this city. He married Miss Emma Swift of Fend du Lac. Wis., who with two sons and a daughter, Mrs. I. N. Darrow of Denver, survive him. He was a telegraph operator at Rus-

sell, Kas., when he went west years ago from his native city, Erie, Pa., and after-ward became active in politics and re-moved to Colorado. Under the first Cleveland administration Mr. Arbuckle was appointed receiver of the land office at Lamar. He was presi-

dent of the Denver Water Works Company which supplied the citizens of Highlands and the Denver-Highlands Electric Com-

and the Denver-Highlands Electric Com-pany.

He was appointed receiver of the land office at Denver under the present ad-ministration. The American District Telegraph Company was organized by him. He went East just after the election to close a large mining deal.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 19.—Mrs. Frank Ar-buckle, where hondered was found.

dving condition in New York this morning dying condition in New York this morning, was a passenger for New York on the Union Pacific train that passed through this city at 4 45 o'clock this afternoon. She said she had received the notice of the death of her husband at 11 o'clock in the morning, a telegram having been sent to her on the train by friends in Denver.

Mrs. Arbackle said she would continue in her way East, but that there had been o arrangements made for the funeral nor had she given the subject any thought as yet. She saidher husband and Mr. Fiege had both urged her to come to New York and spend some time there visiting and this she had intended to do when she left Denver yesterday. The interment will probably be in Denver.

Mr. Arbuckle, his wife said, was in the best of health when she hist heard from him. He has visited New York several times a year and usually stopped at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, but this time he topped with his friend, Mr. Flegel.

Erie, Pa., Nov. 19.-Erie relatives and irst news of his death through the United Associated Presses' dispatches. The de-eased was an Eric boy and left this city

in the 70's.

News of his death came as a severe shock to his father. William 8. Arbuckle, aged ighty-two years, and Mrs. Arbuckle, eighty years old. The deceased was a brother of x-Collector of the Port Richard Arbuckie Mr. Arbuckle visited Erie about two years

ago.

The only capital he had when he left Erie were his health, head and hands,

BLUE AND GRAY MINGLE.

Daughters of the Confederacy Hold Annual Ball at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Nov. 19.—For six successive years the annual ball of the Daughters of the Confederacy has been the society event of the season in this citry, and tonight the immense hall of the Merchants' Exchange was crowded with "the children of a lost cause" and their guests.

Mrs Jefferson Davis, the seasonly widow. Mrs. Jefferson Davis, the venerable widow of the leader of the Confederacy, and daughter Winnie were guests of honor. It is Mrs. Davis first visit to St. Louis since her husband was a Union soldier and stationed at Jefferson Barracks, fifty years ago.

years ago.

A notable incident of the evening was the visit to the ball room of a number of Union generals in attendance at the reunion of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee and their presentation to Mrs. Davis and the wives and daughters of those PAY FOR THE ALVA.

Vanderbilt Secures Damages for the Sinking of His Boat. Boston, Nov. 19.—The Metropolitan Steam-ship Coupany today placed with the clerk of the United States district court a check

for \$99,477.69 to satisfy the decree of the court made in the case of the H. I the court made in the case of the H. F. Dimock-Alva collision, in which W. K. Vanderbilt's yacht was sunk by the steamer Dimogk.

of this amount \$96,467.30 goes to Mr. Vanderbilt as owner of the Alva, and the

remainder is to be divided among the crew of the yacht for loss of person

The actual loss to Mr. Vanderbilt was much greater than the amount decreed, but the steamship company's liability was limited by the court to the value of it's No. 1 Shelving, \$2 Per 100 Feet. 12 inches wide. Dressed. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th st, and N. T. ave. ONE CENT.

NAVY ORDERS100,000 GUNS

Immense Contract for Small Arms Said to Have Been Made.

ALL OF THE LEE PATTERN

Report Is Apparently Well Founded That Work on Them Will Be Rushed-Overtime Work at the Navy Yard on the Iowa's Twelve-Inch Cannon.

An order to be placed today by the government for one handred thousand Winchester rifles of the Lee pattern is the latest confirmation of the reports that while Uncle Sam is not going around tooking for war with Spain or any other country be will be ready for it in case it should come his way.

The news of the intention of the government to add these one hundred thousand guns to its equipment comes pretty straight, the further details being that the Winchester Arms Company of New Haven, Conn., has the contract and that the work of manufacture will be commenced today at noon.

conn., has the contract and that the work of manufacture will be commenced today at noon.

OF THE LEE PATTERN.

The Lee pattern rifle is the standard small arm of the Navy. Had the order been for twice as many hundred thousand arms for use by the land forces, it would not make much of a ripple. The Navy and its movements and equipment have, however, been very much in the public eye recently, and this announcement will not go very far to confirm the opinion held by a few that there is profound peace internationally at the presenttime.

There is a clivity at every navy yardinthe United States. Only a day or two ago the fact came out that right here in Washington the employes of the navy yard were working over time, including Sunday and Sunday night, in the manufacture of powder bags and these powder bags are evidently not intended to hold maribies.

PUSHING THE BIG GUNS.

PUSHING THE BIG GUNS. Work is also being rushed on the 12-inch guns for the Texas and other battleships which some time ago were thought to have an unlimited time for cruising without a full armanent.

an unlimited time for cruising without a full armanent.

The shane sare therefore that the powder bags were meant to hold powder for use on the water and now more particularly for powder to fill cartridges which may be used in some of those one hundred thousand small arms for the navy.

A rumor of war accompanied by a sudden real in the arming of ships, making big and small guns and powder bags, looks somewhat different from yellow back war scares and other romances.

The announcement of the intention of the government to place the order for the winchester rifles is made on the statement of a commercial agent who had it ment of a commercial agent who had it from an official of the Winchester Con-

WEYLER IS BEATEN.

Is the Conclusion Gen. O. O. Howard Has Reached,

St. Louis, Nov. 19.—In an interview this morning anent the rumer that Gen. Weyler had resigned from the command of the Spanish forces in Cuba, Gen. O. O. Howard, ex-commanding general of the United States

ex-commanding general of the United State's Army, said:

"As I see it, Gen Weyler is a beaten man and it is time for him to resign.

"Histroops were whipped and his strategic resources were at an end when he went back to Havana. The individual rear movement of Gen. Weyler showed the inability of the Spanish army to disledge the insurgents. If he could have whipped them, "My view of the Cuban war is simply this. It is a question of finances, not of fighting. Spain is big enough to crush out every cane bush, as well as every insurgent in Cuba if she can raise the money to pay

in Cuba if she can raise the money to pay Spain has a mighty hig job on her hands. It has already been clearly proven that the Cubans are greater fighters, greater strategists and a greater people. Whether Spain can raise enough money to pa men is something about which to

men is sametining atout which the world is guessing."

Gen. Howard thinks the Culain war has developed nothing new in military tactics. He declined to express an opinion as to whether the United States should interfere on behalf of the Cuban insurgents

Madrid, Nov. 19 .- A dispatch to the Imparcial from Havana says that Captain General Weyler has reached the town of San Cristobal, about fourteen leagues northeast of the city of Pinar del Rio, and about midway between that city and

Maceo's headquarters is said to be in the hills between Cristobal and Cayabos.

Tampa, Fla., Nov. 19.-A number of prominent Cubans arrived by the Oliver prominent cubans arrived by the olivette from Havana this evening and will make their houses in Jacksonville and Ocala un-til the conflict ends. They declare that no honest man who has any respect for his family can live under Spanish law as it is administered on the island.

the engagement cuban said, relative to the engagement reported between Maceo and Weyler, that important battles had been fought, and that Weyler had been de-feated. ment, definite news has not been received in this country, but that it was true all Cabans in Havana knew through their official sources. He stated this informa-tion could be given the American people with every confidence.

with every confidence. They further stated that Port au Principe, Cascora, and Guaimaro were all in the hands of the Cubans under Calixto Garcia and his aides.

It is reported that Weyler is wounded and the rumor is believed to be well founded.

Havana, Nov. 19 .- A train conveying

mayana, Nov. 19-A train conveying troops was wrecked today near Mangas by the explosion of dynamite bombs, which had been placed in position by rebels. Pour-teenpersons were wounded. The train was crossing a culvert when the explosion oc-The insurgents had placed five bombs for the purpose of blowing up the train, but one of them did not explode. It is said here that the rebels thought that Gen. Weyler was on the train.

New York, Nov. 19.—Secretary De Que-sada of the Cuban Junta stated today that

he had just received most favorable news of the situation in Cuba. "I have just heard by mail," said Mr. De Quesada, "from Gen. Carrillo, in charge of the province of Las Villas. He informs me that he has just met Gen. Sanchez, who was coming from the eastern department with reinforcements, and that the situation presents a most cheerful aspect in that section, which embraces the larger

balf of the eastern end of Cuba. "I have also received letters from the eastern department from Civil Governor Cespedes, which are also very encourag-ing. He is establishing public schools

"The fact that we have already estabthe fact that we have arrivally established civil government in the eastern half of the island, which is entirely in our hands, and that schools have already been instituted, open to the less intelligent, proves that our position in these provinces is certainly a most strong one.

is certainly a most strong one.

"Although nothing of importance has reached me yet in relation to the military operations of the Cuban leaders, I have received word that the Cuban forces are gradually advancing westward."

Ivy Institute Business College, 8th and K. Rone better. \$25 a year, day or night.